

State of Misconsin LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

Appendix A ... segment XIX

LRB BILL HISTORY RESEARCH APPENDIX

The drafting file for 2011 LRB-1066 (For: Rep. Galloway)

has been transfered to the drafting file for

2011 <u>LRB-2027</u> (For: Rep. Galloway)

Are These "Companion Bills" ?? ... No

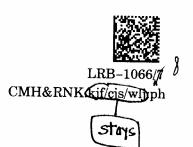
RESEARCH APPENDIX -PLEASE KEEP WITH THE DRAFTING FILE

Date Transfer Requested: 05/04/2011 (Per: CMH)

The attached draft was incorporated into the new draft listed above. For research purposes, this cover sheet and the attached drafting file were copied, and added, as a appendix, to the new attached drafting file. If introduced this section will be scanned and added, as a separate appendix, to the electronic drafting file folder.

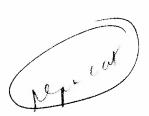


State of Misconsin 2011 - 2012 LEGISLATURE





2011 BILL



AN ACT to repeal 941.237 (4), 948.605 (1) (a) and (am) and 948.605 (2) (b) 1. to 5. and 7.; to renumber 167.30, 941.295 (1), 943.13 (1e) (a) and 947.01; to renumber and amend 23.33 (3) (e), 29.089 (2), 29.091, 29.314 (4) (b) 1., 29.621 (4), 167.31 (2) (a), 167.31 (2) (b), 167.31 (3) (a), 440.26 (3m), 941.23, 941.235 (2), 941.295 (2) (d), 941.295 (4), 943.13 (2), 948.605 (2) (b) 6. and 948.605 (2) (b) 8.; to amend 48.685 (2) (bb), 50.065 (2) (bb), 59.54 (6), 66.0409 (3) (b), 165.60, 165.81 (2), 165.82 (1) (intro.), 165.82 (2), 167.31 (1) (b), 167.31 (3) (c), 167.31 (4) (am) 1., 167.31 (4) (am) 2., 167.31 (4) (am) 3., 167.31 (4) (b), 167.31 (4) (bg) 1., 167.31 (4) (bg) 1g., 167.31 (4) (bn), 167.31 (4) (bt) (intro.), 167.31 (4) (c), 167.31 (4) (cm), 167.31 (4) (d), 167.31 (4) (f), 345.11 (1s), 345.20 (2) (f), 813.12 (6) (am) 1., 813.122 (9) (am) 1., 813.125 (5r) (a), 895.527 (5) (a), 938.396 (2g) (n), 939.22 (10), 941.295 (2) (intro.), 943.13 (1m) (b), 943.13 (3), 947.011 (2) (a) 1., 947.011 (2) (c) 1., 947.011 (2) (d), 948.60 (1), 948.605 (2) (b) (intro.), 968.255 (1) (a) 2., 971.37 (1m) (a) 2. and 973.055 (1) (a) 1.; to repeal and recreate 29.314 (3) (b)

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1.; and $\emph{to create}$ 20.455 (2) (gs), 20.455 (2) (gu), 23.33 (3) (e) 1., 23.33 (3) (e) 2., $23.33\,(3)\,(e)\,3.,23.33\,(3)\,(e)\,4.,29.089\,(2)\,(a),29.089\,(2)\,(b),29.089\,(2)\,(c),29.089\,(c)$ $(2)\ (d),\ 29.091\ (2),\ 29.314\ (4)\ (b)\ 1g.,\ 29.621\ (4)\ (a),\ 29.621\ (4)\ (b),\ 29.621\ (4)\ (c),$ $29.621\ (4)\ (d),\ 29.621\ (6),\ 66.0409\ (6),\ 165.25\ (12),\ 167.30\ (2),\ 167.31\ (2)\ (a)\ 2.,$ 167.31(2)(b)2., 167.31(2)(b)3., 167.31(3)(a)2., 167.31(4)(ar), 167.31(4)(at), 167.31(at), 167. $175.48,\,175.49,\,175.60,\,440.26\,(3m)\,(a),\,440.26\,(3m)\,(b),\,440.26\,(3m)\,(c),\,440.26\,(3m)\,(c)$ (3m) (d), 941.23 (1), 941.23 (2) (b), 941.23 (2) (c), 941.23 (2) (d), 941.23 (2) (e), 941.23 (3), 941.235 (2) (c), 941.235 (2) (d), 941.235 (2) (e), 941.237 (3) (cr), 941.237 (3) (ct), 941.237 (3) (cx), 941.295 (1c) (b) and (c), 941.295 (2) (d) 2., 941.295 (2g), 941.295 (2r), 943.13 (1e) (aL), 943.13 (1e) (bm), 943.13 (1e) (cm), $943.13\ (1e)\ (g),\ 943.13\ (1m)\ (c),\ 943.13\ (2)\ (bm),\ 946.71,\ 947.01\ (2)\ and\ 948.605$ (2) (b) 1m. of the statutes; relating to: carrying a concealed weapon; licenses authorizing persons to carry concealed weapons; possessing or transporting a firearm, bow, or crossbow under certain circumstances; disorderly conduct limitations; photographic identification cards for retired law enforcement officers; providing an exemption from emergency rule procedures; requiring the exercise of rule-making authority; making appropriations; and providing penalties.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill creates a licensing system under which an individual is permitted to carry a concealed weapon. The bill also makes changes in Wisconsin law to account for a federal law that requires the state to permit an individual who works as or who has retired from working as a federal, state, tribal, or local law enforcement officer in Wisconsin or in any other state to carry a concealed firearm. This bill also makes changes to laws regulating firearms and other weapons.

CURRENT LAW REGARDING THE POSSESSION OF WEAPONS

Wisconsin law

In general, under current Wisconsin law, no person may go armed with a concealed and dangerous weapon. The "going armed with" language includes cases in which a person is carrying a concealed weapon but has not gone and is not going anywhere with it and cases in which a weapon is readily accessible to a person in a car. A person who violates the prohibition may be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned for not more than nine months or both. This prohibition has many exceptions. First, Wisconsin law provides an exception for law enforcement officers. Second, under State v. Hamdan, 2003 WI 113, 264 Wis. 2d 433, this prohibition is unconstitutional if applied to a person carrying a concealed weapon at his or her own business when: 1) the person's interest in carrying a concealed weapon substantially outweighs the state's interest in enforcing the concealed weapons law; 2) the person has no other reasonable means to keep and handle the weapon; and 3) the person is not motivated by an unlawful purpose in concealing it. In Hamdan, the court also indicated that the constitutional right to keep and bear arms for security allows a person to carry a concealed weapon under certain circumstances in his or her own home.

Current Wisconsin law also prohibits, with certain exceptions, going armed with or possessing a firearm in a public building, tavern, state park, or wildlife refuge or within 1,000 feet of the grounds of a school. In addition, current Wisconsin law prohibits, with certain exceptions, carrying a firearm, bow, or crossbow in most vehicles unless the firearm is unloaded and encased or the bow or crossbow is unstrung and encased. A person who violates one of these prohibitions is subject to civil or criminal penalties.

Federal law

Under federal law, qualified law enforcement officers and qualified retired law enforcement officers may carry concealed firearms that have been shipped or transported in interstate or foreign commerce, regardless of any state prohibition.

Federal law specifies the criteria that a person must meet to be a qualified law enforcement officer or a qualified retired law enforcement officer. To be the former, a person must: 1) be employed by a government agency; 2) be a law enforcement officer; 3) be authorized by the agency to carry a firearm; 4) not be the subject of any disciplinary action by the agency; 5) not be under the influence of alcohol or other drugs; 6) not be prohibited under federal law from possessing a firearm; and 7) meet all standards, if any, established by the agency to qualify the person on a regular basis to use a firearm. For a person to be a qualified retired law enforcement officer, all of the following must apply: 1) the person retired in good standing from service with a government agency as a law enforcement officer, other than for reasons of mental instability; 2) before retirement, the person was regularly employed as a law enforcement officer for an aggregate of 15 years or more or retired after completing any applicable probationary period; 3) the person has a nonforfeitable right to benefits under the agency's retirement plan; 4) the person is not under the influence of alcohol or other drugs; 5) the person is not prohibited under federal law from possessing a firearm; and 6) during the most recent 12-month period, the person has

met his or her home state's standards for training and qualification for active duty law enforcement officers to carry a firearm.

Under federal law, if a person is a qualified law enforcement officer, the prohibition contained in Wisconsin law regarding going armed with a concealed and dangerous weapon does not apply to his or her going armed with a concealed firearm if the person carries a photographic identification issued by the agency for which he or she works. If the person is a qualified retired law enforcement officer, the prohibition does not apply to his or her going armed with a concealed firearm if the person carries either: 1) a photographic identification issued by the agency from which the person retired as a law enforcement officer that indicates that, within the preceding 12 months, the agency has tested the person or otherwise found that he or she meets its standards for training and qualification for active duty law enforcement officers to carry the type of firearm that the qualified retired law enforcement officer is carrying concealed; or 2) both of the following: photographic identification issued by the agency from which the person retired as a law enforcement officer; and b) a certification issued by the state in which the person resides that indicates that, within the preceding 12 months, the state has tested the person or otherwise found that he or she meets its standards for training and qualification for active duty law enforcement officers to carry the type of firearm that the qualified retired law enforcement officer is carrying concealed. Federal law also specifies that a state may: 1) permit private persons or entities to bar the possession of concealed firearms on their own property; and 2) prohibit or restrict the possession of firearms on any state or local government property, installation, base, building, or park.

How the bill changes Wisconsin's concealed weapons law

Carrying a concealed weapon in your own home or business

This bill permits a person to go armed with a concealed and dangerous weapon in his or her own home or place of business or on land that he or she owns, leases, or legally occupies.

Licenses to carry a concealed weapon

This bill creates a procedure by which a person may apply to the Department of Justice (DOJ) for a license to carry a concealed weapon. Specifically, the license authorizes a person to carry a concealed weapon (a handgun, an electric weapon, a knife other than a switchblade, or a billy club) anywhere in this state except in particular places. Accordingly, the bill amends other prohibitions relating to the use and possession of firearms that are discussed above (see Current Law regarding the Possession of Weapons, Wisconsin law) to specify that they generally do not apply to licensees.

A person licensed under the bill is generally prohibited from carrying a concealed weapon or a weapon that is not concealed in a police station, sheriff's office, or state patrol station; in a prison or jail; in a courthouse; and beyond the security checkpoint at an airport. A business owner or person in his or her own home may prohibit a licensee from carrying a concealed weapon into the business or home, an employer generally may prohibit an employee from carrying a concealed weapon in the course of the employee's employment, and the state or a local governmental unit

- 3 and on the grounds of a school

may prohibit a licensee from carrying a concealed weapon into a building that is owned, occupied, or controlled by the local governmental unit.

Licensing requirements and procedure

Under the bill, DOJ must issue or renew a license to carry a concealed weapon to an applicant who is a resident of Wisconsin unless the applicant is less than 21 years old or is prohibited from possessing a firearm under federal or state law. DOJ must conduct a background check of an applicant for a license or for a license renewal to determine if he or she is ineligible for a license.

Furthermore, the bill does all of the following:

- 1. Provides that, with certain exceptions, a license to carry a concealed weapon is valid for five years.
- 2. Requires each circuit court to notify DOJ of any court proceeding that would result in a suspension or revocation of a license if the subject of the proceeding had a license. DOJ must determine if the subject of such proceeding has a license and, if the subject does, DOJ must revoke the license if the subject is no longer eligible to have a license or suspend the license if the subject, after being charged with a misdemeanor, is ordered by the court not to possess a firearm.
- 3. Allows an individual who requires a license immediately to petition a court for such a license. A court may grant a license, which is valid for 30 days, if the court determines that immediate licensure is warranted to protect the individual from death or great bodily harm.
- 4. Provides an appeals process for a person whose application for a license is denied or whose license is suspended or revoked.
- 5. Requires DOJ to keep a list of licensees but specifies that DOJ may provide information from that list regarding a specific licensee only to law enforcement agencies and only in certain circumstances.
- 6. Requires a person who applies for a license to pay a \$13 background check fee and an application fee of up to \$52 to cover DOJ's costs in issuing the license. A person who applies to renew his or her license must pay the same background check fee and a renewal fee of up to \$27 to cover DOJ's costs in renewing the license.
- 7. Grants immunity from liability for acts done in good faith under the bill to DOJ, the Department of Transportation, and the employees of both departments; various court employees; businesses, nonprofit organizations, or individuals that do not prohibit persons from carrying concealed weapons on their property; and employers that do not prohibit employees from carrying concealed weapons during the course of employment.
- 8. Treats a permit, license, approval, or other authorization issued by another state in the same manner as a license issued under this bill if the individual who possesses the authorization submitted to a background check.

Penalties for certain offenses related to weapons

The bill establishes penalties for offenses that relate to concealed weapons or that are committed by licensees. First, a licensee who fails to carry his or her license document or photographic identification, or to display either upon the request of a law enforcement officer, while the person is carrying a concealed weapon, may be required to forfeit \$25. Second, a licensee who, for a second or subsequent time, or

an individual whose license is suspended or revoked who fails to notify DOJ of a change in address within 30 days of the change may be required to forfeit \$50. Third, a licensee who carries a concealed weapon in a place where the bill prohibits him or her from doing so may be fined not more than \$500 or imprisoned for not more than 30 days or both. Fourth, a person who intentionally fails to relinquish a license document to DOJ after the license has been revoked must be fined not more than \$500 and may be imprisoned for not more than 30 days, or both. Fifth, a person who intentionally makes a false statement in an application for a license may be charged with false swearing, a Class H felony.

The bill also prohibits an individual from intentionally representing that an invalid license to carry a concealed weapon is valid, from selling, lending, or allowing another individual to use his or her license, from representing that a license belongs to the individual if it has not been issued to him or her, from permitting unlawful use of his or her license, from reproducing a license for unlawful purposes, or from altering a license. A person who violates one of these prohibitions is guilty of a misdemeanor and may be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned for not more than nine months, or both.

Active duty and retired law enforcement officers

This bill codifies the provisions of federal law that make the state concealed weapons prohibition inapplicable to active duty and retired law enforcement officers under the circumstances specified in federal law as described above. To implement federal law, the bill also makes certain other state law prohibitions regarding the carrying of firearms inapplicable to an active duty or retired law enforcement officer if he or she is carrying a concealed firearm under those same circumstances.

The bill also requires DOJ and other state and local law enforcement agencies in Wisconsin to enable qualified retired law enforcement officers to carry concealed firearms in the manner provided under federal law. These agencies must issue and renew certification cards to qualified retired law enforcement officers. The cards must include personal information about the certification card holder such as the person's name, address, date of birth, a description of the person, and a photograph. The cards must also include the type of firearm the person is certified to carry (which cannot be a machine gun or a destructive device such as a bomb), a statement that the retired officer has met certain standards for training and qualification, and an expiration date of 12 months after the certification card is issued or renewed.

If a retired officer is carrying his or her valid certification card, he or she is exempt from the prohibitions against carrying a concealed weapon described above only if the following apply: 1) the retired officer is not carrying a firearm that is not designated on the card or identification, if the card or identification includes such a designation, and the firearm is not a machine gun or a destructive device and does not have a firearm silencer attached; 2) the retired officer is not under the influence of an intoxicant; and 3) federal law does not prohibit the retired officer from possessing a firearm.

OTHER LAWS REGARDING WEAPONS

This bill specifies that an individual does not violate the prohibition against disorderly conduct, or does not violate any local ordinance prohibiting disorderly

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conduct, by loading, carrying, or going armed with a handgun without regard to whether the handgun is loaded or whether the handgun is concealed or openly carried.

This bill also makes changes to the laws that impose restrictions on persons who carry a firearm, bow, or crossbow in certain vehicles. The bill eliminates the requirement that a bow or crossbow be unstrung and encased in order to be carried in a vehicle. The bill allows an individual to carry a handgun in a vehicle, including a motorboat and a noncommercial airplane, regardless of whether it is encased or loaded. If the firearm is not a handgun, it must be unloaded when carried in most vehicles but it need not be encased. The bill also eliminates the requirement that a bow or crossbow be unstrung and encased in order to be carried in a vehicle. Instead, under the bill, the bow or crossbow may be carried in most vehicles, including airplanes, if it is not armed with a bolt or an arrow. The bill does not change current law with regard to carrying a bow or crossbow in a motorboat, snowmobile, or all-terrain vehicle. The bill also allows any qualified active duty or retired law enforcement officer to carry a loaded and unencased firearm in a vehicle.

Because this bill creates a new crime or revises a penalty for an existing crime, the Joint Review Committee on Criminal Penalties may be requested to prepare a report concerning the proposed penalty and the costs or savings that are likely to result if the bill is enacted.

For further information see the *state and local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. 20.455 (2) (gs) of the statutes is created to read:

20.455 (2) (gs) *Background check for licenses to carry concealed weapons*. All moneys received as fee payments under s. 175.60 (7) (c) and (d) and (15) (b) 4. a. and b. to provide services under s. 175.60.

SECTION 2. 20.455 (2) (gu) of the statutes is created to read:

20.455 (2) (gu) Certification cards for carrying concealed weapons. All moneys received as fees under s. 175.49 (5m) to verify eligibility of, and to issue certification cards to, retired officers seeking to carry concealed weapons.

SECTION 3. 23.33 (3) (e) of the statutes is renumbered 23.33 (3) (e) (intro.) and amended to read:

23.33 (3) (e) (intro.) With any firearm in his or her possession unless it is
unloaded and enclosed in a carrying case, or any bow unless it is unstrung or enclosed
in a carrying case. This paragraph does not apply to any of the following:
SECTION 4. 23.33 (3) (e) 1. of the statutes is created to read:
23.33 (3) (e) 1. A person who is employed in this state by a public agency as a
law enforcement officer and to whom s. $941.23(1)(e)2.$ to $5.$ and $(2)(b)1.$ to $3.$ applies.
Section 5. 23.33 (3) (e) 2. of the statutes is created to read:
23.33 (3) (e) 2. A qualified out-of-state law enforcement officer, as defined in
s. 941.23 (1) (e), to whom s. 941.23 (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.
Section 6. 23.33 (3) (e) 3. of the statutes is created to read:
23.33 (3) (e) 3. A retired officer, as defined in s. 941.23 (1) (d), to whom s. 941.23
(2) (c) 1. to 7. applies.
SECTION 7. 23.33 (3) (e) 4. of the statutes is created to read:
23.33 (3) (e) 4. A licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (d), or an out-of-state
licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (g), who possesses a handgun, as defined in s.
175.60 (1) (bm).
SECTION 8. 29.089 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 29.089 (2) (intro.) and
amended to read:
29.089 (2) (intro.) Except as provided in sub. (3), no person may have in his or
her possession or under his or her control a firearm on land located in state parks or
state fish hatcheries unless the firearm is unloaded and enclosed within a carrying
case. This subsection does not apply to any of the following:
SECTION 9. 29.089 (2) (a) of the statutes is created to read:
29.089 (2) (a) A person who is employed in this state by a public agency as a

law enforcement officer and to whom s. 941.23 (1) (e) 2. to 5. and (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.

1	Section 10. 29.089 (2) (b) of the statutes is created to read:
2	29.089 (2) (b) A qualified out-of-state law enforcement officer, as defined in s.
3	941.23 (1) (e), to whom s. 941.23 (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.
4	SECTION 11. 29.089 (2) (c) of the statutes is created to read:
5	29.089 (2) (c) A retired officer, as defined in s. 941.23 (1) (c), to whom s. 941.23
6	(2) (d) 1. to 7. applies.
7	SECTION 12. 29.089 (2) (d) of the statutes is created to read:
8	29.089 (2) (d) A licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (d), or an out-of-state
9	licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (g), if the firearm is a handgun, as defined in s.
10	175.60 (1) (bm).
11	Section 13. 29.091 of the statutes is renumbered 29.091 (1) and amended to
12	read:
13	29.091 (1) No person may hunt or trap within any wildlife refuge established
14	under s. 23.09 (2) (b) or 29.621 (1), or, except as provided in sub. (2), have possession
15	or control of any gun, firearm, bow or crossbow unless the gun or firearm is unloaded,
16	the bow or crossbow is unstrung and the gun, firearm, bow or crossbow is enclosed
17	within a carrying case. The taking of predatory game birds and animals shall be done
18	as the department directs. All state wildlife refuge boundary lines shall be marked
19	by posts placed at intervals of not over 500 feet and bearing signs with the words
20	"Wisconsin Wildlife Refuge".
21	Section 14. 29.091 (2) of the statutes is created to read:
22	29.091 (2) The prohibition in sub. (1), as it relates to the possession or control
23	of a loaded or unencased gun or firearm within a refuge established under s. 23.09
24	(2) (b), does not apply to any of the following:

(a) A person who is employed in this state by a public agency as a law
enforcement officer and to whom s. 941.23 (1) (e) 2. to 5. and (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.
(b) A qualified out-of-state law enforcement officer, as defined in s. 941.23 (1)
(e), to whom s. 941.23 (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.
(c) A retired officer, as defined in s. 941.23 (1) (d), to whom s. 941.23 (2) (c) 1.
to 7. applies.
(d) A licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (d), or an out-of-state licensee, as
defined in s. 175.60 (1) (g), if the gun or firearm is a handgun, as defined in s. 175.60
(1) (bm).
Section 15. 29.314 (3) (b) 1. of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:
29.314 (3) (b) 1. To any of the following:
a. A person who is employed in this state by a public agency as a law
enforcement officer and to whom s. 941.23 (1) (e) 2. to 5. and (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.
b. A qualified out-of-state law enforcement officer, as defined in s. 941.23 (1)
(e), to whom s. 941.23 (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.
c. A retired officer, as defined in s. $941.23(1)(d)$, to whom s. $941.23(2)(c)1$. to
7. applies.
d. A licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (d), or an out-of-state licensee, as
$defined in \ s.\ 175.60\ (1)\ (g), if the \ firearm \ is \ a \ handgun, \ as \ defined \ in \ s.\ 175.60\ (1)\ (bm).$
SECTION 16. 29.314 (4) (b) 1. of the statutes is renumbered 29.314 (4) (b) 1r. and
amended to read:
29.314 (4) (b) 1r. To a peace officer on official business, an employee of the
department on official business or a person authorized by the department to conduct
a game census.
Section 17. 29.314 (4) (b) 1g. of the statutes is created to read:

1	29.314 (4) (b) 1g. To any person under sub. (3) (b) 1.
2	SECTION 18. 29.621 (4) of the statutes is renumbered 29.621 (4) (intro.) and
3	amended to read:
4	29.621 (4) PROTECTION. (intro.) Except as provided in s. 29.091 (1), no owner
5	of a wildlife refuge, and no other person, may hunt or trap within the boundaries of
6	any wildlife refuge or have in his or her possession or under his or her control in the
7	wildlife refuge a gun, firearm, bow or crossbow, unless the gun or firearm is unloaded,
8	the bow or crossbow is unstrung and the gun, firearm, bow or crossbow is enclosed
9	within a carrying case. Nothing in this section may prohibit, prevent or interfere
10	with the department in the destruction of injurious animals. This subsection, as it
11	relates to the possession or control of a loaded or unencased firearm, does not apply
12	to any of the following:
13	Section 19. 29.621 (4) (a) of the statutes is created to read:
14	29.621 (4) (a) A person who is employed in this state by a public agency as a
15	law enforcement officer and to whom s. $941.23(1)(e)2$. to 5 . and $(2)(b)1$. to 3 . applies.
16	SECTION 20. 29.621 (4) (b) of the statutes is created to read:
17	29.621 (4) (b) A qualified out-of-state law enforcement officer, as defined in s.
18	941.23 (1) (e), to whom s. 941.23 (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.
19	SECTION 21. 29.621 (4) (c) of the statutes is created to read:
20	29.621 (4) (c) A retired officer, as defined in s. 941.23 (1) (d), to whom s. 941.23
21	(2) (c) 1. to 7. applies.
22	SECTION 22. 29.621 (4) (d) of the statutes is created to read:
23	29.621 (4) (d) A licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (d), or an out-of-state
24	licensee, as defined in s. $175.60(1)(g)$, if the gun or firearm is a handgun, as defined
25	in s. 175.60 (1) (bm).

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Section 23. 29.621 (6) of the statutes is created to read:

29.621 (6) Injurious animals. Nothing in this section may prohibit, prevent, or interfere with the department in the destruction of injurious animals.

SECTION 24. 48.685 (2) (bb) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.685 (2) (bb) If information obtained under par. (am) or (b) 1. indicates a charge of a serious crime, but does not completely and clearly indicate the final disposition of the charge, the department, county department, agency contracted with under s. 48.651 (2), child welfare agency, school board, or entity shall make every reasonable effort to contact the clerk of courts to determine the final disposition of the charge. If a background information form under sub. (6) (a) or (am) indicates a charge or a conviction of a serious crime, but information obtained under par. (am) or (b) 1. does not indicate such a charge or conviction, the department, county department, agency contracted with under s. 48.651 (2), child welfare agency, school board, or entity shall make every reasonable effort to contact the clerk of courts to obtain a copy of the criminal complaint and the final disposition of the complaint. If information obtained under par. (am) or (b) 1., a background information form under sub. (6) (a) or (am), or any other information indicates a conviction of a violation of s. 940.19 (1), 940.195, 940.20, 941.30, 942.08, 947.01 (1), or 947.013 obtained not more than 5 years before the date on which that information was obtained, the department, county department, agency contracted with under s. 48.651 (2), child welfare agency, school board, or entity shall make every reasonable effort to contact the clerk of courts to obtain a copy of the criminal complaint and judgment of conviction relating to that violation.

Section 25. 50.065 (2) (bb) of the statutes is amended to read:

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50.065 (2) (bb) If information obtained under par. (am) or (b) indicates a charge of a serious crime, but does not completely and clearly indicate the final disposition of the charge, the department or entity shall make every reasonable effort to contact the clerk of courts to determine the final disposition of the charge. If a background information form under sub. (6) (a) or (am), or any disclosure made pursuant to a disclosure policy described under sub. (6) (am), indicates a charge or a conviction of a serious crime, but information obtained under par. (am) or (b) does not indicate such a charge or conviction, the department or entity shall make every reasonable effort to contact the clerk of courts to obtain a copy of the criminal complaint and the final disposition of the complaint. If information obtained under par. (am) or (b), a background information form under sub. (6) (a) or (am), any disclosure made pursuant to a disclosure policy described under sub. (6) (am), or any other information indicates a conviction of a violation of s. 940.19 (1), 940.195, 940.20, 941.30, 942.08, 947.01 (1), or 947.013 obtained not more than 5 years before the date on which that information was obtained, the department or entity shall make every reasonable effort to contact the clerk of courts to obtain a copy of the criminal complaint and judgment of conviction relating to that violation.

Section 26. 59.54 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:

59.54 **(6)** Peace and order. The board may enact and enforce ordinances to preserve the public peace and good order within the county including, but not limited by enumeration, ordinances prohibiting conduct that is the same as or similar to conduct that is prohibited by ss. 947.01 (1) and 947.02, and provide a forfeiture for a violation of the ordinances.

SECTION 27. 66.0409 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

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66.0409 (3) (b) Nothing in this section prohibits a city, village or town that is authorized to exercise village powers under s. 60.22 (3) from enacting an ordinance or adopting a resolution that restricts the discharge of a firearm. Any ordinance or resolution that restricts the discharge of a firearm does not apply and may not be enforced if the actor's conduct is justified or, had it been subject to a criminal penalty, would have been subject to a defense described in s. 939.45.

SECTION 28. 66.0409 (6) of the statutes is created to read:

66.0409 (6) No person may be in violation of, or be charged with a violation of, an ordinance of a political subdivision relating to disorderly conduct or other inappropriate behavior for loading, carrying, or going armed with a firearm, without regard to whether the firearm is loaded or is concealed or openly carried. Any ordinance in violation of this subsection does not apply and may not be enforced.

Section 29. 165.25 (12) of the statutes is created to read:

165.25 (12) RULES REGARDING CONCEALED WEAPONS LICENSES. Promulgate by rule a list of states that issue a permit, license, approval, or other authorization to carry a concealed weapon if the permit, license, approval, or other authorization requires, or designates that the holder chose to submit to, a background search that is comparable to a background check as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (ac).

SECTION 30. 165.60 of the statutes is amended to read:

165.60 Law enforcement. The department of justice is authorized to enforce ss. 101.123 (2), (2m), and (8), 175.60 (17) (e), 944.30, 944.31, 944.33, 944.34, 945.02 (2), 945.03 (1m), and 945.04 (1m) and ch. 108 and, with respect to a false statement submitted or made under s. 175.60 (7) (b) or (15) (b) 2., to enforce s. 946.32 and is invested with the powers conferred by law upon sheriffs and municipal police officers in the performance of those duties. This section does not deprive or relieve sheriffs,

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1	constables, and other local police officers of the power and duty to enforce those
2	sections, and those officers shall likewise enforce those sections.
3	Section 31. 165.81 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	165.81 (2) Any electric weapon, as defined in s. 941.295 (4) (1c) (a), in the
5	possession of the laboratories shall either be destroyed or be turned over to an agency
6	authorized to have electric weapons under s. 941.295 (2).
7	SECTION 32. 165.82 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
8	165.82 (1) (intro.) Notwithstanding s. 19.35 (3), the department of justice shall
9	impose the following fees, plus any surcharge required under sub. (1m), for criminal
10	history searches for purposes unrelated to criminal justice or to s. 175.35, 175.49, or
11	<u>175.60</u> :
12	SECTION 33. 165.82 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
13	165.82 (2) Except as provided in s. 175.35, the The department of justice shall
14	not impose fees for criminal history searches for purposes related to criminal justice.
15	SECTION 34. 167.30 of the statutes is renumbered 167.30 (1).
16	SECTION 35. 167.30 (2) of the statutes is created to read:
17	167.30 (2) Subsection (1) does not apply to the discharge of a firearm if the
18	actor's conduct is justified or, had it been subject to a criminal penalty, would have
19	been subject to a defense described in s. 939.45.
20	SECTION 36. 167.31 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
21	167.31 (1) (b) "Encased" means enclosed in a case that is expressly made for
22	the purpose of containing a firearm and that is completely zipped, snapped, buckled,
23	tied or otherwise fastened with no part of the firearm exposed.
24	SECTION 37. 167.31 (2) (a) of the statutes is renumbered 167.31 (2) (a) 1. and
25	amended to read:

167.31 (2) (a) 1. Except as provided in subd. 2. and sub. (4), no person may place,		
possess, or transport a firearm, bow, or crossbow in or on a motorboat with the motor		
running, unless the firearm is unloaded or unless the bow or crossbow is unstrung		
or is enclosed in a carrying case.		
SECTION 38. 167.31 (2) (a) 2. of the statutes is created to read:		
167.31 (2) (a) 2. The prohibition in subd. 1. does not apply to the placement,		
possession, or transportation of a handgun.		
SECTION 39. 167.31 (2) (b) of the statutes is renumbered 167.31 (2) (b) 1. and		
amended to read:		
167.31 (2) (b) 1. Except as provided in <u>subds. 2. and 3.</u> and sub. (4), no person		
may place, possess, or transport a firearm, bow, or crossbow in or on a vehicle, unless		
the firearm is unloaded and encased or unless the bow or crossbow is unstrung or is		
enclosed in a carrying case not armed with a bolt or an arrow.		
Section 40. 167.31 (2) (b) 2. of the statutes is created to read:		
167.31 (2) (b) 2. No person may place, possess, or transport a bow or crossbow		
in or on an all-terrain vehicle or a snowmobile, unless the bow or crossbow is		
unstrung or is enclosed in a carrying case.		
SECTION 41. 167.31 (2) (b) 3. of the statutes is created to read:		
167.31 (2) (b) 3. The prohibition in subd. 1. does not apply to the placement,		
possession, or transportation of a handgun.		
SECTION 42. 167.31 (3) (a) of the statutes is renumbered 167.31 (3) (a) 1. and		
amended to read:		
167.31 (3) (a) 1. Except as provided in subd. 2. and sub. (4), no person may place,		

possess, or transport a firearm, bow, or crossbow in or on an aircraft, unless the

1	firearm is unloaded and encased or unless the bow or crossbow is unstrung or is
2	enclosed in a carrying case not armed with a bolt or an arrow.
3	SECTION 43. 167.31 (3) (a) 2. of the statutes is created to read:
4	167.31 (3) (a) 2. The prohibition in subd. 1. does not apply to the placement,
5	possession, or transportation of a handgun.
6	SECTION 44. 167.31 (3) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
7	167.31 (3) (c) A person who violates par. (a) 1. or (b) shall be fined not more than
8	\$1,000 or imprisoned not more than 90 days or both.
9	SECTION 45. 167.31 (4) (am) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
10	167.31 (4) (am) 1. Subsections (2) (a) 1., (c) and (d) and (3) (a) 1. and (b) do not
11	apply to a peace officer who, in the line of duty, loads or discharges a firearm in, on
12	or from a vehicle, motorboat or aircraft or discharges a firearm from or across a
13	highway or within 50 feet of the center of a roadway.
14	Section 46. 167.31 (4) (am) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
15	167.31 (4) (am) 2. Subsection (2) (b) 1. does not apply to a peace officer who
16	places, possesses or transports a firearm in or on a vehicle, motorboat or aircraft
17	while in the line of duty.
18	Section 47. 167.31 (4) (am) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:
19	167.31 (4) (am) 3. Subsection (2) (b) 1. does not apply to a person employed as
20	a peace officer who places, possesses or transports a firearm in or on a vehicle while
21	traveling in the vehicle from his or her residence to his or her place of employment
22	as a peace officer.
23	Section 48. 167.31 (4) (ar) of the statutes is created to read:

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1	167.31 (4) (ar) Subsection (2) (a) 1., (b) 1., and (c), and, if the aircraft is not a
2	commercial aircraft, sub. (3) (a) and (b), do not apply to the placement, possession
3	transportation, or loading of a firearm by any of the following:
4	1. A person who is employed in this state by a public agency as a law
5	enforcement officer and to whom s. 941.23 (1) (e) 2. to 5. and (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.
6	2. A qualified out-of-state law enforcement officer, as defined in s. 941.23 (1)
7	(e), to whom s. 941.23 (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.
8	3. A retired officer, as defined in s. 941.23 (1) (d), to whom s. 941.23 (2) (c) 1. to
9	7. applies.
10	4. A licensee, as defined in s. 175.60 (1) (d), or an out-of-state licensee, as
11	defined in s. 175.60 (1) (g).
12	SECTION 49. 167.31 (4) (at) of the statutes is created to read:
13	167.31 (4) (at) Subsections (2) (c) and (d) and (3) (b) do not apply to the
14	discharge of a firearm if the actor's conduct is justified or, had it been subject to a
15	criminal penalty, would have been subject to a defense described in s. 939.45.
16	Section 50. 167.31 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
17	167.31 (4) (b) Subsections (2) (a) <u>1.</u> , (b) <u>1.</u> , and (c), (3) (a) <u>1.</u> and (b), and (3m)
18	do not apply to the holder of a scientific research license under s. 169.25 or a scientific

collector permit under s. 29.614 who is using a net gun or tranquilizer gun in an

167.31 (4) (bg) 1. Subsection (2) (a) $\underline{1}$, (b) $\underline{1}$, and $\underline{2}$, (c), and (d) does not apply

to a state employee or agent, or to a federal employee or agent, who is acting within

the scope of his or her employment or agency, who is authorized by the department

of natural resources to take animals in the wild for the purpose of controlling the

activity related to the purpose for which the license or permit was issued.

SECTION 51. 167.31 (4) (bg) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

spread of disease in animals and who is hunting in an area designated by the
department of natural resources as a chronic wasting disease eradication zone,
except that this subdivision does not authorize the discharge of a firearm or the
shooting of a bolt or arrow from a bow or crossbow across a state trunk highway,
county trunk highway, or paved town highway.

SECTION 52. 167.31 (4) (bg) 1g. of the statutes is amended to read:

167.31 (4) (bg) 1g. Subsection (2) (b) 1. and 2. and (c) does not apply to a landowner, a family member of the landowner, or an employee of the landowner who is using a firearm, bow, or crossbow to shoot wild animals from a farm tractor or an implement of husbandry on the landowner's land that is located in an area designated by the department of natural resources as a chronic wasting disease eradication zone.

SECTION 53. 167.31 (4) (bn) of the statutes is amended to read:

167.31 (4) (bn) Subsection (2) (a) 1. does not apply to a person using a bow or a crossbow for fishing from a motorboat.

SECTION 54. 167.31 (4) (bt) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

167.31 **(4)** (bt) (intro.) Subsection (2) (b) <u>1. and 2.</u> does not apply to the placement, possession, or transportation of an unloaded firearm in or on a vehicle if all of the following apply:

SECTION 55. 167.31 (4) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

167.31 (4) (c) Subsection (2) (b) 1. and (c) does not apply to the holder of a Class A or Class B permit under s. 29.193 (2) who is hunting from a stationary vehicle.

SECTION 56. 167.31 (4) (cm) of the statutes is amended to read:

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1	167.31 (4) (cm) For purposes of pars. (c) and (cg), the exemption from sub. (2)
2	(b) $\underline{1. \text{ or } 2.}$ under these paragraphs $\underline{\text{only}}$ applies $\underline{\text{only}}$ to the firearm, bow or crossbow
3	being used for hunting by the holder of the Class A or Class B permit under s. 29.193
4	(2).
5	SECTION 57. 167.31 (4) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
6	167.31 (4) (d) Subsection (2) (b) 1. does not prohibit a person from leaning an
7	unloaded firearm against a vehicle.
8	SECTION 58. 167.31 (4) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:
9	167.31 (4) (f) Subsection (2) (d) does not prohibit a person from possessing a
10	loaded firearm within 50 feet of the center of a roadway if the person does not violate
11	sub. (2) (b) <u>1.</u> or (c).
12	SECTION 59. 175.48 of the statutes is created to read:
13	175.48 Law enforcement officer identification cards. (1) In this section,
14	"Wisconsin law enforcement agency" has the meaning given in s. 175.46 (1) (f).
15	(2) If a Wisconsin law enforcement agency issues photographic identification
16	cards to its officers, it may not require an officer to relinquish his or her card when
17	the officer retires from the Wisconsin law enforcement agency unless one of the
18	following applies:
19	(a) The officer may not lawfully possess a firearm under federal law.
20	(b) The officer did not retire in good standing as a law enforcement officer with

(c) The officer was regularly employed as a law enforcement officer for an

aggregate of less than 15 years. This paragraph does not apply if the officer, after

completing any applicable probationary period of service with the agency, retired

the agency or retired as a result of mental instability.

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1	from service with the agency due to a service-connected disability, as determined by
2	the agency.
3	(d) The officer does not have a nonforfeitable right to benefits under the
4	agency's retirement plan.
5	(3) Unless sub. (2) (a), (b), (c), or (d) applies, if a Wisconsin law enforcement
6	agency does not issue photographic identification cards to its officers, it shall issue
7	such a card to an officer who retires from that agency upon the retiring officer's
8	request and at his or her expense.
9	(4) This section does not restrict a retired officer's right to go armed with a
10	firearm that is not concealed.
11	Section 60. 175.49 of the statutes is created to read:
12	175.49 Retired law enforcement officers seeking to carry concealed
13	weapons. (1) Definitions. In this section:
14	(a) "Department" means the department of justice.
15	(b) "Law enforcement agency" means an agency that consists of one or more
16	persons employed by the federal government, a state, or a political subdivision of a
17	state, the U.S. armed forces, or the national guard that has as its purposes the
18	prevention and detection of crime and the enforcement of laws or ordinances, and
19	that is authorized to make arrests for crimes.
20	(c) "Law enforcement officer" means a person who is employed by a law
21	enforcement agency for the purpose of engaging in, or supervising others engaging

in, the prevention, detection, investigation, or prosecution of, or the incarceration of

any person for, any violation of law and who has statutory powers of arrest.

- (d) "Retired federal officer" means a retired law enforcement officer who was a law enforcement officer employed by a federal law enforcement agency and who resides in Wisconsin.
- (e) "Retired officer" means a law enforcement officer who retired from a state or local law enforcement agency in Wisconsin.
- (2) CERTIFICATION OF RETIRED OFFICERS. (a) Upon the request of a retired officer and at the expense of the retired officer, a law enforcement agency that employed the retired officer shall, except as provided in par. (b), issue the retired officer a certification card as described in sub. (4) stating all of the following:
- 1. The type of firearm the retired officer is certified to carry, but no retired officer may be certified to carry a machine gun, as defined in s. 941.27 (1), a firearm silencer, or a destructive device.
- 2. The retired officer has met either the state's standards for training and qualification for law enforcement officers to carry firearms, or, if no state standards exist, the law enforcement agency's standards for training and qualification for law enforcement officers to carry a firearm of the type under subd. 1.
- 3. The date on which the finding under subd. 2. was made and an expiration date that is 12 months later than that date.
- 4. That, due to the finding under subd. 2., the retired officer is qualified to carry a concealed firearm of the type under subd. 1.
- (b) The law enforcement agency may not issue the retired officer a certification card under par. (a) unless the law enforcement agency first verifies all of the following:
- 1. At the time he or she retired from the law enforcement agency, the retired officer was employed as a law enforcement officer.

- 2. The retired officer retired in good standing from service as a law enforcement officer for reasons other than mental instability.
- 3. The retired officer was regularly employed as a law enforcement officer for at least the number of years of service specified in 18 USC 926C (c) (3) (A) or the retired officer retired from law enforcement service due to a service-connected disability, as determined by the retired officer's employer, after completing any applicable probationary period.
- 4. The retired officer has a nonforfeitable right to benefits under the retirement plan of the law enforcement agency from which he or she retired.
- 5. The retired officer is not prohibited under federal law from possessing a firearm as indicated by a search of the transaction information for management of enforcement system and the national crime information center system.
- 6. The retired officer has, during the previous 12 months, met, at his or her own expense, either the state's standards for training and qualification for law enforcement officers to carry firearms or, if no state standards exist, the law enforcement agency's standards for training and qualification for law enforcement officers to carry the firearm of the type under par. (a) 1.
- (3) CERTIFICATION OF RETIRED FEDERAL OFFICERS. (a) Upon the request of a retired federal officer and at the expense of the retired federal officer, the department shall, except as provided in par. (b), issue the retired federal officer a certification card as described in sub. (4) stating all of the following:
- 1. The type of firearm the retired federal officer is certified to carry, but no retired federal officer may be certified to carry a machine gun, as defined in s. 941.27 (1), a firearm silencer, or a destructive device.

- 2. The retired federal officer has met either the state's standards for training and qualification for law enforcement officers to carry firearms or, if no state standards exist, the standards of the department's division of criminal investigation for training and qualification for law enforcement officers to carry a firearm of the type under subd. 1.
- 3. The date on which the finding under subd. 2. was made and an expiration date that is 12 months later than that date.
- 4. That, due to the finding under subd. 2., the retired federal officer is qualified to carry a concealed firearm of the type under subd. 1.
- (b) The department may not issue the retired federal officer a certification card under par. (a) unless the department first verifies all of the following:
- 1. At the time he or she retired from the federal law enforcement agency, the retired federal officer was employed as a law enforcement officer.
- 2. The retired federal officer retired in good standing from service as a law enforcement officer for reasons other than mental instability.
- 3. The retired federal officer was regularly employed as a law enforcement officer for at least the number of years specified in 18 USC 926C (c) (3) (A) or the retired federal officer retired from law enforcement service due to a service-connected disability, as determined by the retired federal officer's employer, after completing any applicable probationary period.
- 4. The retired federal officer has a nonforfeitable right to benefits under the retirement plan of the law enforcement agency from which he or she retired.
- 5. The retired federal officer is not prohibited under federal law from possessing a firearm as indicated by a search of the transaction information for

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security number.

1	management of enforcement system and the national crime information center
2	system.
3	6. The retired federal officer has, during the previous 12 months, met, at his
4	or her own expense, either the state's standards for training and qualification for law
5	enforcement officers to carry firearms or, if no state standards exist, the standards
6	of the department's division of criminal investigation for training and qualification
7	for law enforcement officers to carry the firearm of the type under par. (a) 1.
8	(4) CERTIFICATION CARDS. (a) 1. Subject to pars. (b), (c), and (d) and sub. (3) (a),
9	the department shall design a certification card to be issued by the department under
10	sub. (3) (a).
11	2. Subject to pars. (b), (c), and (d) and sub. (2) (a), each law enforcement agency
12	shall design a certification card to be issued by the law enforcement agency under
13	sub. (2) (a).
14	(b) A certification card shall contain on one side all of the following:
15	1. The full name, date of birth, and residence address of the person who holds
16	the certification card.
17	2. A photograph of the certification card holder and a physical description that
18	includes sex, height, and eye color.
19	3. The name of this state.
20	(c) A certification card shall include a statement that the certification card does
21	not confer any law enforcement authority on the certification card holder and does
22	not make the certification card holder an employee or agent of the certifying agency
23	or department.

(d) A certification card may not contain the certification card holder's social

- (5) Renewal of Certification Cards. A person who holds a current certification card issued under sub. (2) or (3) may renew the certification card by requesting the department or the law enforcement agency, whichever issued the current certification card, to renew the certification card at the expense of the person holding the card, if, before the date the certification card expires, the law enforcement agency verifies sub. (2) (b) 5. and 6., if the certification card holder is a retired officer, or the department verifies sub. (3) (b) 5. and 6., if the certification card holder is a retired federal officer, and the certification card holder provides any information necessary for the verification. The renewal shall state the date on which verification was made and an expiration date that is 12 months later than that date.
- (5m) FEES. The department may charge a fee to verify eligibility for a certification card under this section, for the issuance of a certification card under sub. (3), or for the renewal of a certification card under sub. (5), but the fee may not exceed the costs the department incurs in verifying eligibility or for issuing or renewing a certification card. Payments made to the department under this subsection shall be credited to the appropriation account under s. 20.455 (2) (gu).
- (6) IMMUNITY. (a) When acting in good faith under this section, the department and its employees and a law enforcement agency and its employees are immune from civil and criminal liability arising from any act or omission under this section.
- (b) When acting in good faith under this section, an entity providing firearms training to comply with the requirements under sub. (2) (a) 2., (3) (a) 2., or (5) and its employees are immune from civil and criminal liability arising from any act or omission that is related to that training.
- (7) Going armed with a firearm. This section does not limit a retired officer's right to go armed with a firearm that is not concealed.

1	Section 61. 175.60 of the statutes is created to read:
2	175.60 License to carry a concealed weapon. (1) Definitions. In this
3	section:
4	(ac) "Background check" means the searches the department conducts under
5	sub. (9g) to determine a person's eligibility for a license to carry a concealed weapon.
6	(ag) "Carry" means to go armed with.
7	(b) "Department" means the department of justice.
8	(bm) "Handgun" means any weapon designed or redesigned, or made or
9	remade, and intended to be fired while held in one hand and to use the energy of an
10	explosive to expel a projectile through a smooth or rifled bore. "Handgun" does not
11	include a machine gun, as defined in s. 941.27 (1), a short-barreled rifle, as defined
12	in s. 941.28 (1) (b), or a short-barreled shotgun, as defined in s. 941.28 (1) (c).
13	(bv) "Law enforcement agency" does not include the department.
14	(c) "Law enforcement officer" has the meaning given in s. 165.85 (2) (c).
15	(d) "Licensee" means an individual holding a valid license to carry a concealed
16	weapon issued under this section.
17	(e) "Motor vehicle" has the meaning given in s. 340.01 (35).
18	(f) "Out-of-state license" means a valid permit, license, approval, or other
19	authorization issued by another state if all of the following apply:
20	1. The permit, license, approval, or other authorization is for the carrying of a
21	concealed weapon.
22	2. The state is listed in the rule promulgated by the department under s. 165.25
23	(12) and, if that state does not require a background search for the permit, license,
24	approval, or authorization, the permit, license, approval, or authorization
25	designates that the holder chose to submit to a background search.

1	(g) "Ou	t-of-state	licensee"	meai	ns an i	ndividu	al who	is 2	1 years	of age	or o	ver,
who i	s not a	Wisconsin	resident,	and	who h	as been	issued	an	out-of-	-state	licen	se.

- (h) "Photographic identification card" means an operator's license issued under ch. 343 or an identification card issued under s. 343.50.
- (i) "State identification card number" means the unique identifying driver number assigned to a person by the department of transportation under s. 343.17 (3) (a) 4. or, if the person has no driver number, the number assigned to the person on an identification card issued under s. 343.50.
- (j) "Weapon" means a handgun, an electric weapon, as defined in s. 941.295 (4), a knife other than a switchblade knife under s. 941.24, or a billy club.
- (2) Issuance and scope of license. (a) The department shall issue a license to carry a concealed weapon to any individual who is not disqualified under sub. (3) and who completes the application process specified in sub. (7). A license to carry a concealed weapon issued under this section shall meet the requirements specified in sub. (2m).
- (b) The department may not impose conditions, limitations, or requirements that are not expressly provided for in this section on the issuance, scope, effect, or content of a license.
- (c) Unless expressly provided in this section, this section does not limit an individual's right to carry a firearm that is not concealed.
- (2g) Carrying a concealed weapon; possession and display of license document or authorization. (a) A licensee or an out-of-state licensee may carry a concealed weapon anywhere in this state except as provided under subs. (15m) and (16) and (1943.13 (1m) (c) 943.13 (m) (e) 94

(b) Unless the licensee or out-of-state licensee is carrying a concealed weapon
in a manner described under s. $941.23~(2)~(e)$, a licensee shall have with him or her
hisorherlicensedocumentandphotographicidentificationcardandanout-of-state
licensee shall have with him or her his or her out-of-state license at all times during
which he or she is carrying a concealed weapon.
(c) Unless the licensee or out-of-state licensee is carrying a concealed weapon
in a manner described under s. 941.23 (2) (e), a licensee who is carrying a concealed
weapon shall display his or her license document and photographic identification
card and an out-of-state licensee who is carrying a concealed weapon shall display
his or her out-of-state license to a law enforcement officer upon the request of the
law enforcement officer.
(2m) LICENSE DOCUMENT; CONTENT OF LICENSE. (a) Subject to pars. (b), (bm), (c),
and (d), the department shall design a single license document for licenses is sued and design a single license document for licenses is sued and design a single license document for licenses is sued and design a single license document for licenses is sued and design a single license document for licenses is sued and design a single license document for licenses document for licenses
renewed under this section. The department shall complete the design of the license
document no later than the first day of the 2nd month beginning after the effective
date of this paragraph [LRB inserts date].
(b) A license document for a license issued under this section shall contain all
of the following on one side:
1. The full name, date of birth, and residence address of the licensee.
2. A physical description of the licensee, including sex, height, hair color, and
eve color ·

3. The date on which the license was issued.

6. A unique identification number for each licensee.

4. The date on which the license expires.

5. The name of this state.

- (bm) The reverse side of a license document issued under this section shall contain the requirement under sub. (11) (b) that the licensee shall inform the department of any address change no later than 30 days after his or her address changes and the penalty for a violation of the requirement.
 - (c) The license document may not contain the licensee's social security number.
- (d) 1. The contents of the license document shall be included in the document in substantially the same way that the contents of an operator's license document issued under s. 343.17 are included in that document.
- 2. The identification card issued under this section shall be tamper proof in substantially the same way that the operator's license is tamper proof under s. 343.17 (2).
- (e) The department of justice may contract with the department of transportation to produce and issue identification cards under this section. Neither the department of transportation nor any employee of the department of transportation may store, maintain, or access the information provided by the department of justice for the production or issuance of identification cards other than to the extent necessary to produce or issue the identification cards.
- (3) RESTRICTIONS ON ISSUING A LICENSE. The department shall issue a license under this section to an individual who submits an application under sub. (7) unless any of the following applies:
 - (a) The individual is less than 21 years of age.
- (b) The individual is prohibited under federal law from possessing a firearm that has been transported in interstate or foreign commerce.
 - (c) The individual is prohibited from possessing a firearm under s. 941.29.
 - (d) The individual is not a Wisconsin resident.